

Technical Information Sheet

ProClova[®] XL is a highly effective clover-safe weed control solution for use in newly sown leys and established grassland.

These guidelines use pictograms, graphics and commentary to draw attention to label areas that need additional emphasis to ensure responsible, appropriate and optimal use.



Key facts

HERBICIDE

Product Registration Number:	MAPP No. 21165				
Active Ingredients:	75.5g/kg Rinskor™ (florpyrauxifen-benzyl), 360g/kg amidosulfuron and 94% w/w/ methylated see (MSO), HRAC Group 4 and 2 Herbicides				
Pack Size:	250g ProClova and 500ml of XL adjuvant: treats 3ha when spraying newly sown leys and 2ha on established grassland				
Formulation:	Water Dispersible Granule				
Maximum Individual Dose:	Newly sown leys: 85g/ha ProClova + 0.165L/ha XL Established grassland: 125g/ha ProClova + 0.25L/ha XL				
Maximum Number of Treatments:	Newly sown leys: Application of any product containing amidosulfuron must not be made in the san field for either of the following 2 years following application to newly sown leys, even in the event of crop failure or progression to established grassland Established grassland: 1 per calendar year				
Application Timing:	Newly sown leys: from 3 true leaves (BBCH13) of grass and clover, and between 1 st April to 31 st J Established grassland (>12 months old): 1 st March to 31 st October				
Water Volumes and Nozzles:	200L/ha using 3* Drift Reduction Technology				
Spray Quality:	Medium / Coarse as defined by BCPC				
Aquatic Buffer Zones and Watercourses:	12m aquatic buffer zone, with drift reduction technology required. Buffer zone is 1m if the water boo is dry at the time of application				
Rainfastness:	1 hour				

Best use advice

- ProClova must always be used in a tank mixture with XL adjuvant.
- For optimum results spray when overnight temperatures are forecast to be above 8°C for a period of 3 days before and 3 days after application.
- · Apply when weeds are actively growing and at the optimum growth stage. Avoid applications to stressed crops.
- ProClova XL can cause visual symptoms to white and red clover such as deformation and growth inhibition, but symptoms are transitory with full recovery thereafter. Red clover can be treated in the spring of the year after sowing, but it is more sensitive, and recovery will take longer.
- Very occasionally, some growth inhibition of the grass may occur after application. This is transitory and quickly outgrown.
- If the grass (and hence the weeds) has been cut or grazed, wait for sufficient regrowth to occur before spraying (14-21 days).
- In newly sown leys, grass must be at the start of tillering or beyond and clover at 3 trifoliate leaves or beyond before making an application.
- Application in the spring is recommended for quicker recovery of the clover.
- After application, livestock must be excluded for at least 7 days and for optimum results wait for at least 21 days following treatment before cutting for hay or silage.
- Do not roll or harrow grass for 10 days before or 7 days after application.
- To avoid subsequent injury to crops other than grassland and cereals, all spraying equipment must be thoroughly cleaned both inside and out, using a proprietary tank cleaner following use of ProClova XL.



Key benefits

- It has a minimal effect on clover whilst controlling a wide range of key seedling weeds in newly sown leys and perennial weeds in established grassland.
- Protects the investment made when re-seeding with grass + clover leys which can be more than £600/ha.
- Ensures nitrogen use efficiency is not wasted on weeds.
- Reduces need for bought-in animal feed.

Weed spectrum

Newly Sown Leys (<12 months old) 85g/ha ProClova + 0.165L/ha XL								
Bindweed, black	MS<100mm and BF		Dead-nettle, red	MS<100mm and BF	Mayweed ssp.	S<100mm and BF		
Buttercup, creeping	S<100mm and BF		Dock, broad- leaved	S, seedling	Pansy, field	R		
Buttercup, meadow	MS<100mm and BF		Dock, curled	MS, seedling	Plantain, greater	S<100mm and BF		
Charlock	S<100mm and BF		Fat-hen	MS<100mm and BF	Plantain, ribwort	S<100mm and BF		
Chickweed, common	MS<100mm and BF		Fumitory	S<100mm and BF	Redshank	S<100mm and BF		
Chickweed, mouse-ear	MS<100mm and BF		Groundsel	S<100mm and BF	Shepherd's-purse	S<70mm and BF		
Cranesbill	S<100mm and BF		Hogweed, common	S<100mm and BF	Thistle, creeping/spear	R		
Dandelion	S<100mm and BF		Knotgrass	MS<100mm and BF	Wild radish, runch	S<100mm and BF		
Established Grassland (>12 months old) 125g/ha ProClova + 0.25L/ha XL								
Buttercup, creeping S BF		S BF	Dandelion	S BF	Plantain, greater	S BF		
Buttercup, meadow MS BF		Dock, broad- leaved	S<200mm and BF	Plantain, ribwort	S BF			
Chickweed, common MS BF		Dock, curled	MS<200mm and BF	Ragwort	R			
Chickweed, mouse-ear MS BF		Hogweed, common	S BF	Thistle	R			
Cow parsley		S BF	Nettle, common, small	R	Yarrow	S BF		

Key: S – Susceptible, MS – Moderately susceptible, MR – Moderately resistant, R – Resistant, BF – Before flowering, bold – Label weeds (check label for guidance on weed sizes controlled)

Non-label weed information based on anecdotal or limited data and is only indicative and should not be considered as a recommendation for use on the part of Corteva Agriscience. The user assumes full responsibility for use on the weeds.

